# Scaling Up: Development of Participatory Budgeting (PB) within Scotland from 2014 to 2018

Jez Hall PB Partners











### **UK PB MODELS**

Small grants allocation (funds direct to civil society)



Mainstream Investment (co-directed investment)



Community Planning, (Alignment and scenario development)



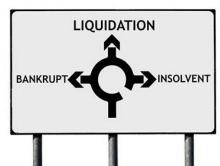


#### The First Wave: 2000 - 2012

Civil Society advocacy (inspired by Porto Alegre (2000-2007)



- The National Strategy (2007-2010) and the PB Unit
- Austerity: Bust followed boom. Funding for PB support ends by 2012



Message... Political will matters +
 Culture didn't change quickly + Small scale
 Learning but no resilience



### The Scottish New Wave

#### Referendum – September 2014

"Harnessing the Democratic Energy" (Nicola Sturgeon)

#### Commission on Strengthening Democracy (2014):

"that a process of participatory budgeting, covering tax and spending options, is adopted by all local governments ..."

#### Community Empowerment (Scotland) Act 2015

Provisions for public participation on decision making (including resources)

Programme for Government 2017 and the COSLA 1% agreement

**ALL 32 Local Authorities commit to PB** 

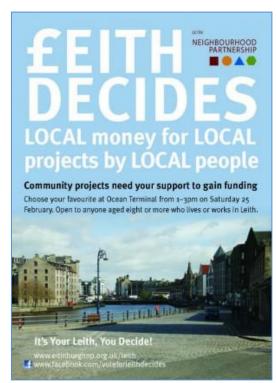


"the best people to decide the future of our communities are the people who live in those communities."



# Objectives of PB In Scotland

- Increase quality and quantity of community engagement (more deliberative, inclusive and transparent);
- Increase trust in politics and in politicians;
- Stimulate dialogue and positive action within communities;
- Encourage well targeted public investments.





# **How PB can support Democracy**

#### Margo Howe, a local Councillor said:

I think it's revealing that people themselves have grabbed the opportunity and seen the benefit of it. It's their ideas and, because of this, they will make it work. They're loving it!".



"Democratic power should be delivered from communities up, not drip down from above."

The Commission for Strengthening Local Democracy, 2014.

PB brings new opportunities for engagement with voters and, perhaps most importantly ... building trust in the democratic process.



#### **Scottish Government Investment**

**2013-15:** Awareness raising, capacity building, research on digital PB, plus a PB Scotland website (approx £150,000) Match funding for local authorities to try PB (approx £500,000)

**2016-17:** Community Choices Fund — (£1.5M)

50% local authorities, 50% community led,

Plus Impact acceleration projects, (£200,000)

Plus Support costs including: evaluation, digital

and establishment of PB Scotland Network. (£300,000)

Mainly focused on small grants.

2017-18: Community Choices Fund, again evenly split, (£1.5M)
Plus continued support costs (£500,000)

Plus a new dedicated CoSLA officer

This time the main focus is on mainstream.

All to help progress towards the 2021: 1% commitment.



#### Scottish PB infrastructure

- Training and capacity building on how to 'do PB'
- > Resources how to guides, briefings for elected members
- Research, testing, and implementation of digital platforms
- Scottish PB identity and network
- PB advisory group
- PB evaluation
- Trained facilitators and advocates
- SG funding and leadership
- A critical mass of processes from which to learn







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# **ONLINE PARTICIPATORY BUDGETING**

Digital tools and engagement

Connecting on and offline participation

To reinforce and amplify...

Ideas, engagement, deliberation and voting







# **ONLINE PARTICIPATORY BUDGETING**

Council grant funding to support Local Communities

£2.5k per project

150 ideas generated online

1,300 people taking part in discussions online

Map shows the spread of ideas







# **ONLINE PARTICIPATORY BUDGETING**

Dundee Decides

£1.2 million Community Infrastructure fund.

11,500 votes cast- over 10% of entire eligible voting population.

72% new to engaging in community planning

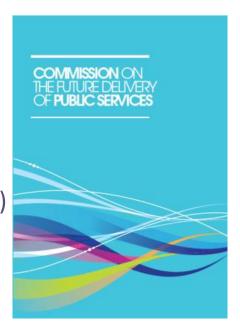




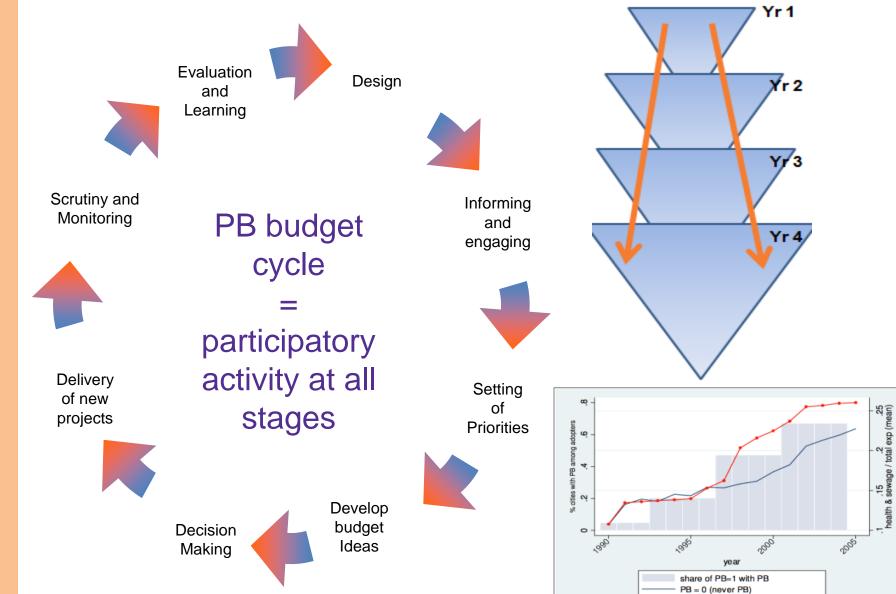
# THE NEED FOR PB IN SCOTLAND

Scottish Government's response to the Christie Commission (September 2011) - Four P's'

- a decisive shift to Prevention;
- continually improving Performance
- working in Partnership(nationally and locally)
- engaging and developing our People





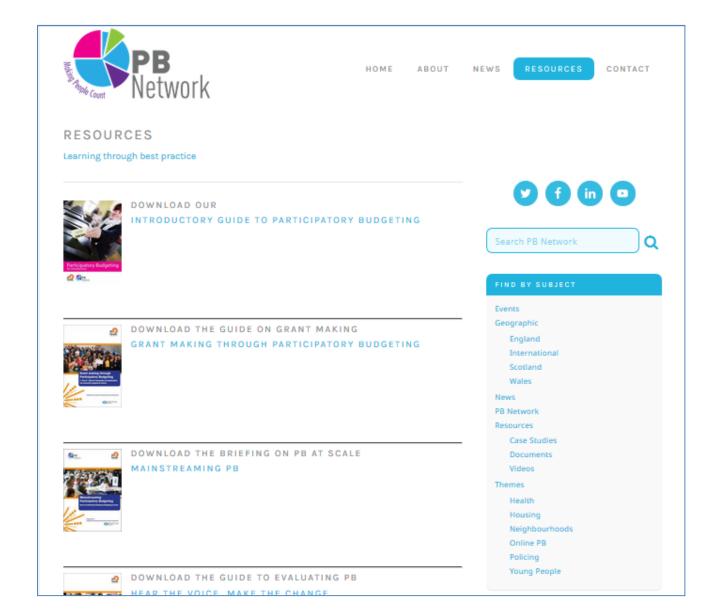




PB = 1 (PB in at least 1 legislature)

#### **PB** Resources:

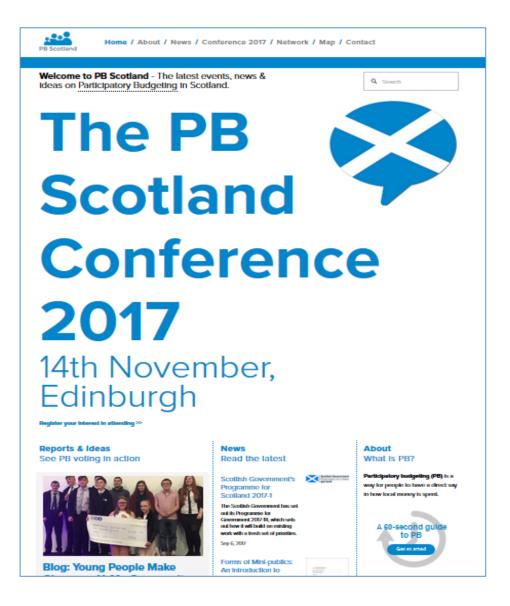
#### The UK PB Network Website: www.pbnetwork.org.uk





#### **PB** Resources:

# PB Scotland Website: www.pbscotland.scot





#### **PB Resources:**

# Democratic Society Scotland <a href="http://www.demsoc.org/participatory-budgeting-in-scotland/">http://www.demsoc.org/participatory-budgeting-in-scotland/</a>



#### The Democratic Society

Better democracy, everywhere.

#### Digital PB Case Studies

The Democratic Society has been actively working with local Councils and conselect, implement, test and embed digital tools for participatory budgeting (PE

Below you can read some case studies which capture key learning points from participatory processes at a local level. Please note that a PDF file will open in weeks.

To read more about our 'Digital Tools for Participatory Budgeting in Scotland' into digital tools, please visit our main PB page.

Read our case studies to find out how digital tools have enhanced PB processes in 2016-17:



The programme is informed by research, workshops and discussions with 18 councils working on PB around Scotland. We released our first report in February 2016 and we're planning to undertake further research in Autumn 2017. Read about the research that informs the programme:







# **PB PARTNERS**

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